

CSE 2600

Intro. To Digital Logic & Computer Design

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Announcements

- Prep 2 was due at 11 AM today (will be accepted late for late enrollments to the class).
- Homework 1: Due tomorrow (Wednesday) at 11:59 PM.
- First update on office hours posted by Wednesday. Use Piazza for any immediate needs/questions.

Homework 2A

- Posted
 - Due Sunday at 11:59pm
 - Includes JLS part
 - Gradescope dropboxes will be available by Thursday

Review

Chapter 2: Combinational Logic

1. Intro.
2. Boolean Equations
3. Boolean Algebra
4. From Logic to Gates

2.1 Intro: Combinational Logic

- (Purely) Combine inputs to produce outputs
 - Output depends *only* on current input, not past inputs
- Behavior of all combinational logic can be described with a table

Binary Addition Rules: Fully Elaborated

0+	0+	0	=	00
0+	0+	1	=	01
0+	1+	0	=	01
0+	1+	1	=	10
1+	0+	0	=	01
1+	0+	1	=	10
1+	1+	0	=	10
1+	1+	1	=	11

Binary Addition Rules: Inputs

Carry	A	B		Sum
0+	0+	0	=	00
0+	0+	1	=	01
0+	1+	0	=	01
0+	1+	1	=	10
1+	0+	0	=	01
1+	0+	1	=	10
1+	1+	0	=	10
1+	1+	1	=	11

Binary Addition Rules: & Outputs

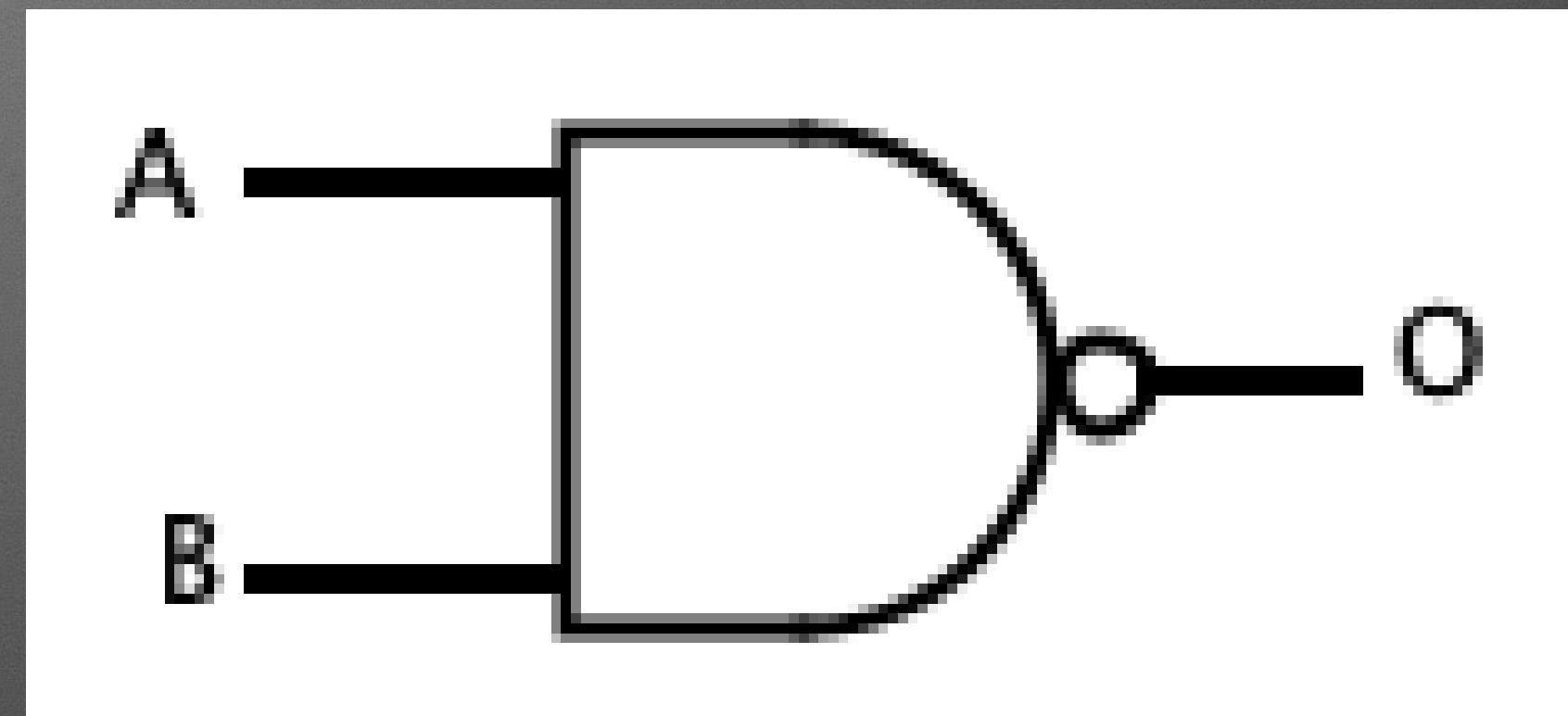
Carry In	A	B		Carry Out	Sum
0+	0+	0	=	0	0
0+	0+	1	=	0	1
0+	1+	0	=	0	1
0+	1+	1	=	1	0
1+	0+	0	=	0	1
1+	0+	1	=	1	0
1+	1+	0	=	1	0
1+	1+	1	=	1	1

“Tables”

- Consider a function that has n inputs and m , 1-bit outputs
Describe the shape / size of the complete table?
- Consider a function that has n inputs and 2, 3-bit output
Describe the shape / size of the complete table?

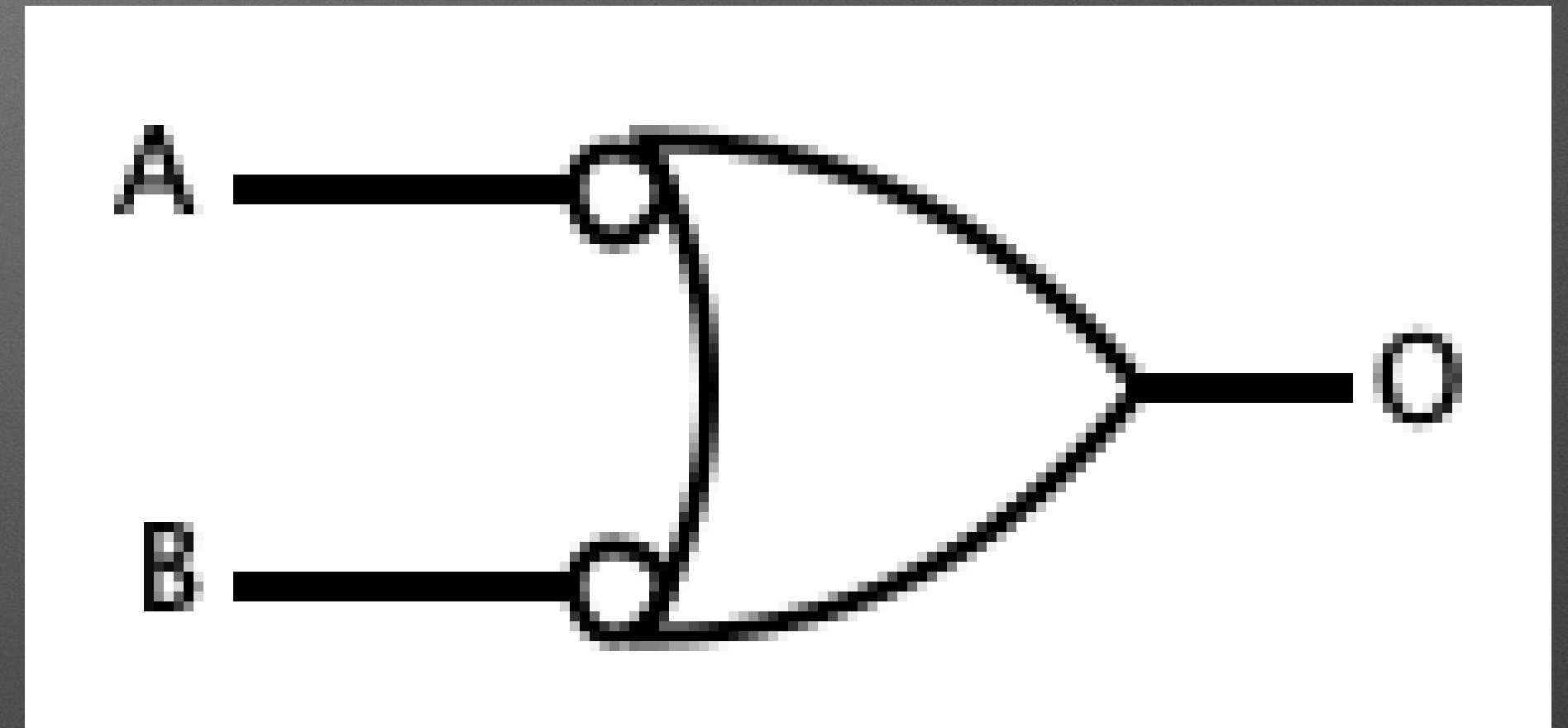
Truth Tables

- Give the truth table for



Truth Tables

- Give the truth table for



2.2 Boolean Equations - History

- George: Mathematical Analysis of Logic
- Formal, algebraic approach to manipulation of binary concepts
- So?
 - Provide formal approach to manipulate concepts

2.4 Gates

- Not just electronics:
 - [Scientific American, Vol. 258, No. 4 \(APRIL 1988\), pp. 118-121 \(4 pages\)](#)
- [Claude: Thesis](#)

Boolean Algebra

Table 2.1 Axioms of Boolean algebra

	Axiom		Dual	Name
A1	$B = 0 \text{ if } B \neq 1$	A1'	$B = 1 \text{ if } B \neq 0$	Binary field
A2	$\bar{0} = 1$	A2'	$\bar{1} = 0$	NOT
A3	$0 \bullet 0 = 0$	A3'	$1 + 1 = 1$	AND/OR
A4	$1 \bullet 1 = 1$	A4'	$0 + 0 = 0$	AND/OR
A5	$0 \bullet 1 = 1 \bullet 0 = 0$	A5'	$1 + 0 = 0 + 1 = 1$	AND/OR

Boolean Algebra

Table 2.2 Boolean theorems of one variable

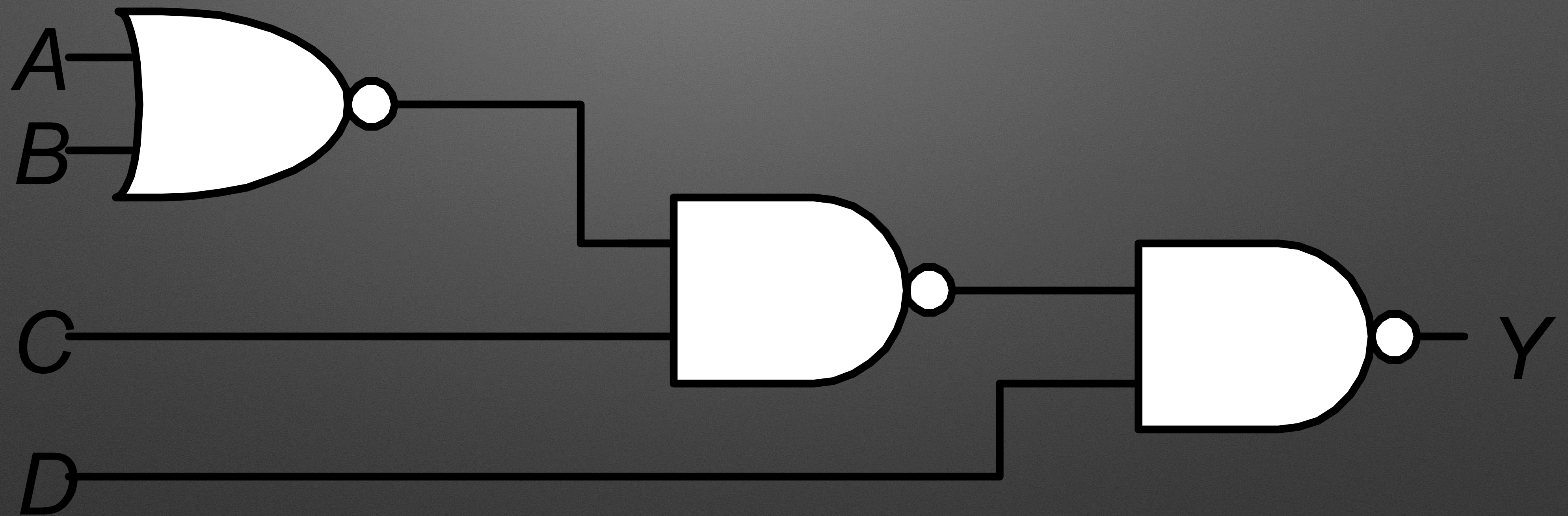
	Theorem		Dual	Name
T1	$B \bullet 1 = B$	T1'	$B + 0 = B$	Identity
T2	$B \bullet 0 = 0$	T2'	$B + 1 = 1$	Null Element
T3	$B \bullet B = B$	T3'	$B + B = B$	Idempotency
T4		$\overline{\overline{B}} = B$		Involution
T5	$B \bullet \overline{B} = 0$	T5'	$B + \overline{B} = 1$	Complements

Boolean Algebra

Table 2.3 Boolean theorems of several variables

	Theorem		Dual	Name
T6	$B \bullet C = C \bullet B$	T6'	$B + C = C + B$	Commutativity
T7	$(B \bullet C) \bullet D = B \bullet (C \bullet D)$	T7'	$(B + C) + D = B + (C + D)$	Associativity
T8	$(B \bullet C) + (B \bullet D) = B \bullet (C + D)$	T8'	$(B + C) \bullet (B + D) = B + (C \bullet D)$	Distributivity
T9	$B \bullet (B + C) = B$	T9'	$B + (B \bullet C) = B$	Covering
T10	$(B \bullet C) + (B \bullet \bar{C}) = B$	T10'	$(B + C) \bullet (B + \bar{C}) = B$	Combining
T11	$(B \bullet C) + (\bar{B} \bullet D) + (C \bullet D)$ $= (B \bullet C) + (\bar{B} \bullet D)$	T11'	$(B + C) \bullet (\bar{B} + D) \bullet (C + D)$ $= (B + C) \bullet (\bar{B} + D)$	Consensus
T12	$\overline{B_0 \bullet B_1 \bullet B_2 \dots}$ $= (\bar{B}_0 + \bar{B}_1 + \bar{B}_2 \dots)$	T12'	$\overline{B_0 + B_1 + B_2 \dots}$ $= (\bar{B}_0 \bullet \bar{B}_1 \bullet \bar{B}_2 \dots)$	De Morgan's Theorem

Bubble Pushing



Sum of Products Form

SOP – sum-of-products

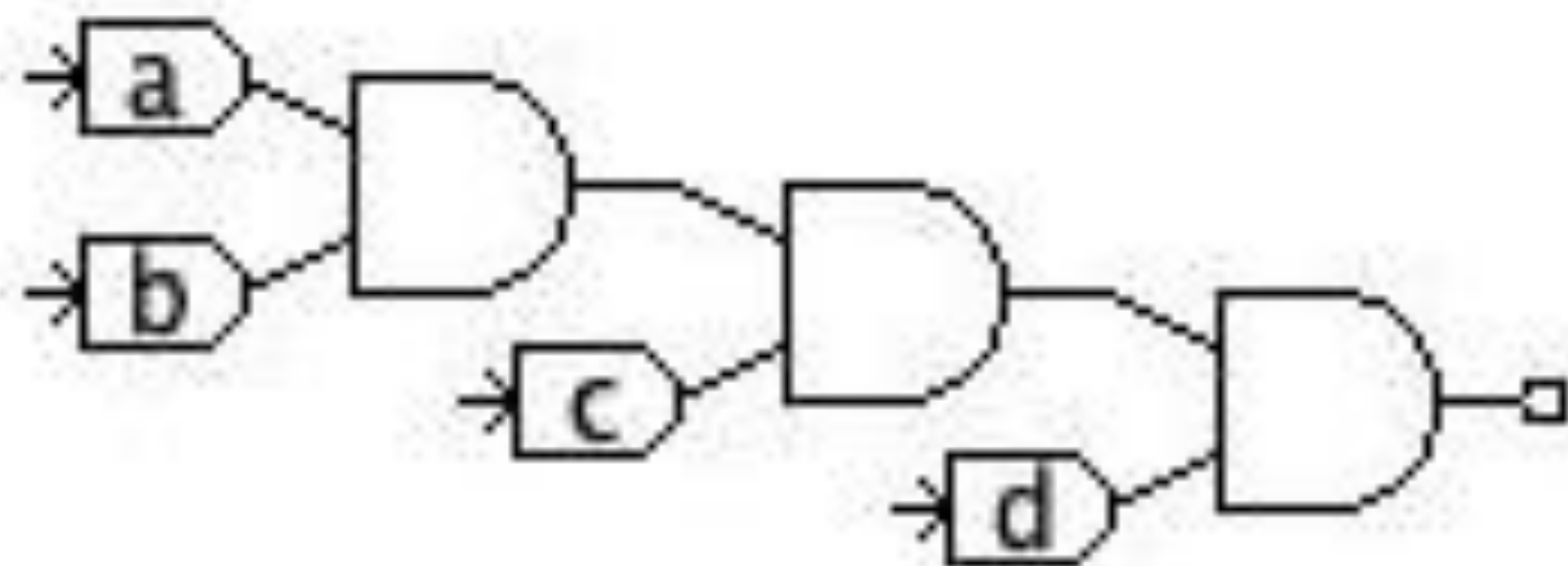
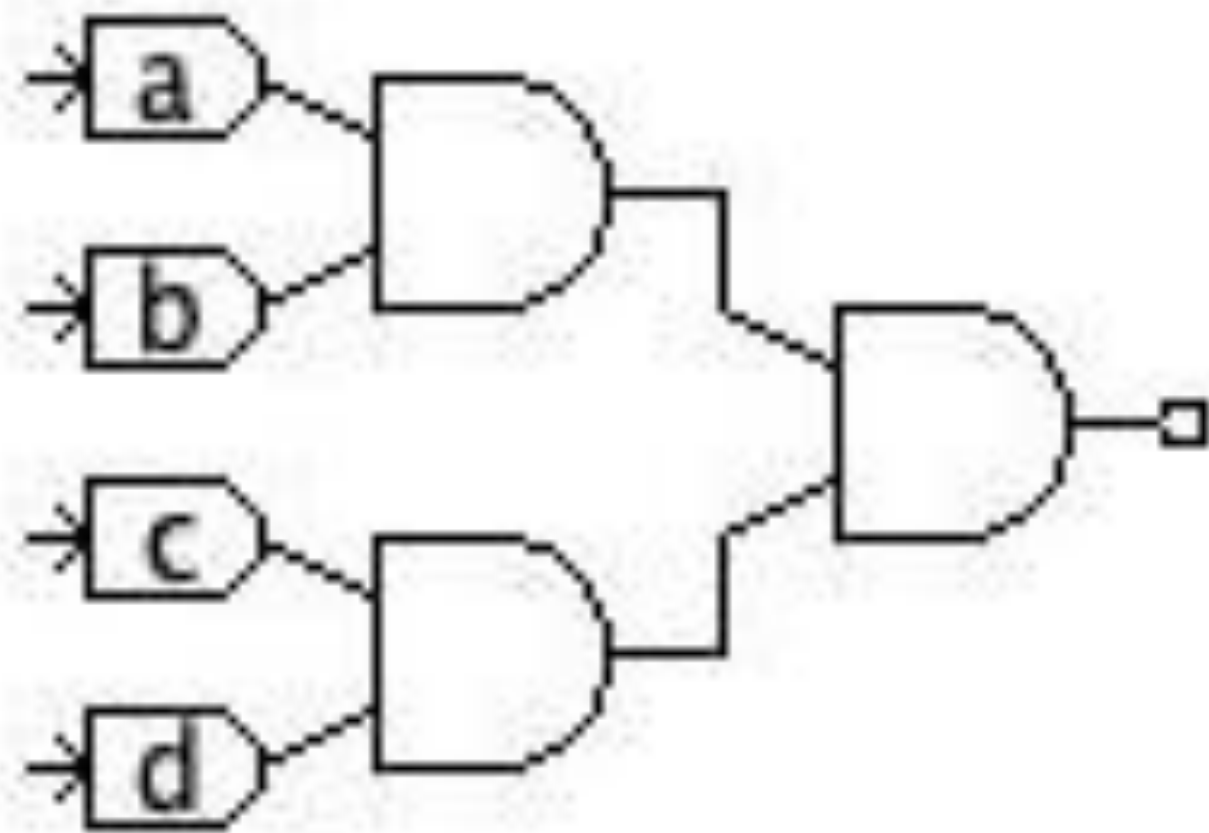
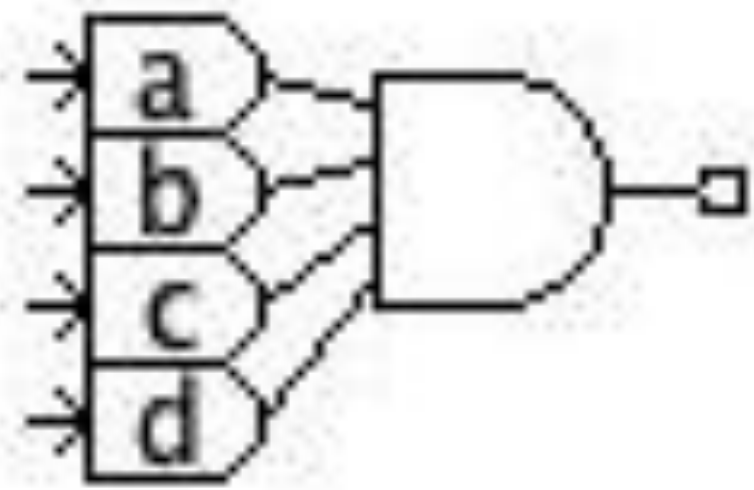
C	M	E	minterm	
0	0	0	\overline{C}	\overline{M}
0	1	0	\overline{C}	M
1	0	1	C	\overline{M}
1	1	0	C	M

Product of Sums Form

POS – product-of-sums

C	M	E	maxterm
0	0	0	$C + M$
0	1	0	$C + \overline{M}$
1	0	1	$\overline{C} + M$
1	1	0	$\overline{C} + \overline{M}$

Compare / Contrast



Combinational Logic vs. Sequential Logic

- Output of Sequential Logic
 - Depends on current inputs and *sequence* of past inputs (values and order)
 - Requires concept of memory

Exercise (putting it all together)

- Write sum-of-products form for a truth table of 3 terms (Exercise 2.1c)
- Simplify using Boolean algebra
- Draw circuit schematic
- Draw circuit in JLS
- Run logic simulation of circuit

Demos of Circuits in JLS

- Overview of parts / ideas
 - Equation: $D = A * B * C$
 - Bubble Pushing
 - DeMorgan's Laws?

Timing & Simulation

Next Time

- Studio
 - Prep work will be posted
 - Install JLS
 - Check Email for attendance code
 - Check-in process (for class attendance)
 - https://washu-cse2600-fl25.github.io/studio_attendance/